





















Personal Protective Equipment

Updated: 05/11/2020

When Direct Client Care is being provided

Type of PPE	For all Direct Client Care	Droplet/ Contact Precaution	Aerosol Generating Medical Procedures (performed or anticipated) * For suspected COVID or confirmed COVID cases.	Protected Code Blues	
				Aerosol Generating	Routine
N95 Masks					
Goggles or Face Shields					
Masks					
Gowns & Gloves	(if contact with body fluids) 				

Note: A Mask/shield can also be worn to replace a mask and goggles/face shield.



Disposal of N95 masks in special provided hampers if not soiled with lipstick/makeup.

*Aerosol Generating Medical Procedures (AGMP):

Endotracheal intubation, including during cardio pulmonary resuscitation
 Cardio-pulmonary resuscitation during airway management
 Open airway suctioning
 Bronchoscopy (diagnostic or therapeutic)
 Sputum induction (diagnostic or therapeutic)
 Non-invasive positive pressure ventilation for acute respiratory failure (CPAP, BiPAP)

High flow oxygen therapy (includes heated high flow)
 Nebulized medications by small volume nebulizer
 Humidified O2 therapy using large volume nebulizer
 Any airway clearance therapies such as Cough Assist
 Artificial airway care –such as performing a tracheostomy or providing tracheostomy care
 •Artificial Oral Airway insertion with the intention of bagging (bagging is the aerosol generating procedure)

Ref: Public Health Ontario. Updated IPAC measures for COVID-19, March 25, 2020